## Example of a Non Codex-based Import MRL Request - SPIROXAMINE

This spiroketalamine fungicide is approved for use against powdery mildew in grapes in a number of exporting economies, including Australia, Europe, Canada and New Zealand.

To facilitate trade in fresh grapes, dried grapes and wine within the APEC community, an Import MRL is being requested for grapes. In addition, in economies where residues in dried commodities are not covered by the MRLs for the RAC (e.g. by correction for moisture loss), an Import MRL for dried grapes is also requested. The requested MRLs are at the same level as those adopted in Australia and Canada and reference to the Australian APVMA evaluation report is provided as supporting information.

Pesticide name (ISO)	Spiroxamine					
IUPAC	8-tert-butyl-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decan-2-yl(ethyl)(propyl)amine					
CAS No.	118134-30-8					
Residue definitions		Source				
For compliance with MRLs	Spiroxamine	NRA 2001				
For estimation of dietary intake	Spiroxamine	NRA 2001				
Health based guidance values	•					
ADI	0-0.02 mg/kg bw (Australia)	NRA 2001				
	0-0.025 mg/kg bw (EFSA)	EFSA 2010				
ARfD	0.2 mg/kg bw (Australia)	NRA 2001				
	0.1 mg/kg bw (EFSA)	EFSA 2010				

Authorised GAP	Foliar sprays: Max 2 × 0.03 kg ai/hL. Pre-harvest Interval: 28 days					
Name of the requested commodity or group	Grapes Dried grapes (if not covered by the RAC MRL)					
Commodity to be imported,	FB 1235	Table grapes				
including any processed	FB 1263	Wine grapes (wine)				
commodities	DF 269	Dried grapes				
	JF 269	Grape juice				
Requested MRLs	FB 269	Grapes	2.0 mg/kg			
	DF 269	Dried grapes	6.0 mg/kg			
Origin/source of the requested MRL	Australia (200	1)				
Residue Summary						
Supervised Trial Median	Grapes	0.48 mg/kg				
Residue (STMR)	Wine	0.096 mg/kg (processing factor of 0.2)				
	Dried grapes	0.96 mg/kg (pi	rocessing factor of 2)			
Highest Residue (HR)	Grapes	0.96 mg/kg				
	Dried grapes	1.92 mg/kg (processing factor of 2)				

Pesticide name (ISO)	Spiroxamine						
Link to the source of the HR,	http://apvma.gov.au/sites/default/files/publication/14036-prs-						
STMR data	spiroxamine.pdf						
Reference link/s to published MRL in	Australia: Food	Australia: Food Standards Code - Schedule 20					
Codex or by alternative source other than Codex (if available)	Canada: <u>Health Canada MRLs for Pesticides</u>						
	EU: <u>Pesticides database</u>						
	Japan: <u>FCRF Database</u>						
	USA: <u>eCFR40 Part 180</u>						
Current status for this MRL in other	Australia	Grapes	2.0 mg/kg				
jurisdictions		Dried grapes	3.0 mg/kg				
	Canada	Grapes	2.0 mg/kg				
		Dried grapes	4.0 mg/kg				
	EU	Grapes	1.0 mg/kg				
	Japan	Grapes	1.0 mg/kg				
	USA	Grapes	1.0 mg/kg (import)				

## **Dietary Exposure Assessments**

Based on the information outlined above the following estimates of dietary exposure have been calculated. Commodities included in these estimates are table grapes, dried grapes and wine. These have been calculated using the GEMS/Food Cluster Diets (2012) and acute and chronic exposure evaluation templates published on the WHO website:

http://www.who.int/foodsafety/areas\_work/chemical-risks/gems-food/en/

## Short-term dietary exposure assessment

	<b>SPIROXAMINE)</b> Acute RfD= 0.2 mg/kg bw (200 µg/kg bw)					IESTI <sup>(b)</sup> Maximum %ARfD: 30% all				30% child	
Commodity	STMR or STMR-P mg/kg	HR or HR-P mg/kg		Group	n	Large portion g/person	Unit weight g edible portion	IESTI μg/kg bw/day	% acute RfD	% acute RfD	% acute RfD
Grapes <sup>(a)</sup>	0.096 - 0.96	0.96 – 1.92	China	Child 1-6 yrs	232	366.72	636.6	1.85 – 65.45	1% - 30%	1% - 20%	0% - 30%

(a) All commodities(b) Variability factor

) Variability factor of 3 and case 3 calculation type for wine and juice

The NESTI for these grape commodities (table grapes, dried grapes and wine) is less than 40% of the acute reference dose in the most sensitive population (1-6 year old children, from the consumption of fresh grapes).

## Long-term dietary exposure assessment

SPIROXAMINE	Internation	al Estimated I	ADI = 0-0.02 mg/kg bw				
Commodity description		Expr as	STMR	G09	G09	G10	G10
			mg/kg	diet	intake	diet	intake
Grape, raw		RAC	0.48	5.21	2.50	9.38	4.50
Grape, dried (= currants, raisins and sultanas	РР	0.96	0.10	0.10	1.38	1.32	
Grape wine (incl vermouths)		RAC	0.096	1.84	0.18	25.07	2.41
Total intake (µ	g/person)=			1	2.8		8.2
Bodyweight per regio	n (kg bw) =				55		60
ADI (µ	g/person)=				1100		1200
	%ADI=				0.3%		0.7%
Roun	ded %ADI=				0%		1%

 Group 9:
 Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, DPR Korea, Guinea Bissau, Indonesia, Loa, Myanmar, Nepal, Philippines, Sierra Leone, Thailand, Timor Leste, Viet Nam.

 Group 10
 Belarus, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Estonia, Italy, Japan, Latvia, Malta, New Zealand, Reputed Statements

Group 10 Belarus, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Estonia, Italy, Japan, Latvia, Malta, New Zealand, Republic of Korea, Russian Federation, USA

Based on the above cluster diets and the IEDI for spiroxamine, the added dietary contribution of residues for grape commodities (table grapes, dried grapes and wine) is not more than 1% of the acceptable daily intake.